OFFICE COPY

ANNUAL SEED CATALOGUE

Home-Grown SEEDS
Field and Garden

SEASON OF 1906



Farmers' Supply & Roofing Co.

DEALERS IN AGRICULTURAL TOOLS
FERTILIZERS, INSECTICIDES AND SPECIALTIES

256 Middle Street, BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

QUANTITY OF SEED USUALLY SOWN TO ACRE

Barley, broadcast
Bean, Dwarf in hills½bus.
Bean, Pole, in hills 10 to 12 qts.
Beet, in drills 4 to 6 lbs.
Buckwheat, broadcast
Carrot, in drills 3 to 4 lbs.
Corn, in hills
Corn, for soiling
Clover, Alsike 10 lbs.
Clover, Red, alone
Clover, White, alone 8 to 10 lbs.
Clover, white with other seeds
Clover, Lucerne, alone
Cucumber, in hills
Grass, Blue, alone
Grass, Hungarian
Grass, Lawn
Grass, Orchard
Grass, Red-Top
Grass, Rhode Island Bent
Grass, Timothy
Millet. ½ to 1 bus.
Mustard 10 to 16 qts.
Oats, broadcast 2 to 3 bus.
Onion, in drills
Parsnips, in drills 4 to 5 lbs.
Peas, Early, in drills 1½ bus.
Peas, Marrowfat, in drills ½ bus.
Peas, broadcast
Radish, in drills 6 to 8 lbs.
Radish, broadcast. 10 lbs.
Rye, broadcast to 1½ bus.
Salsify 6 to 8 lbs.
Spinach, in drills
Turnip, in drills
Turnip, broadcast
Vetch, broadcast
Wheat, in drills
Wheat, broadcast 1½ to 2 bus.
Clover, Timothy Red-Top, together, for one acre
Clover, ½bus.; Timothy, 1 bus., Red-Top (chaff), or 8 lbs. clean seed.
Clotter, 72003., Timothy, Tous., Neu-Top (chan), or o los. Clean seed.



To our Friends



E take pleasure in presenting our seed book for 1906. It is larger and more complete in every way than our last year's edition.

We first desire to thank our many customers for their liberal patronage and good will in the past, and also to thank them for their kind words as they have expressed their appreciation of the goods we sold last season.

Our steadily growing business shows us that we are on the right track in selling Home-Grown Seeds. Connecticut being right in the seed belt of the world enables us to get our seeds from the growers, and in this way we are always offering to our customers fresh seeds at low prices.

HOW TO ORDER.—Write orders plainly, and be careful to mark plain the name of seeds desired, as well as quantity. It is a good plan for the sender to preserve a copy of the order, as it may save trouble which may occur. Write name and post office address, town, county and state very plainly.

ORDER EARLY.—To avoid any uncertain delay liable to occur later, we advise early orders. Do not wait until planting time to make up your list, but send it forward in good season.

PROMPT ATTENTION.—Every order for seeds will receive prompt attention. If for any cause delay in shipment is found necessary, acknowledgment of the order will be made and the reasons of the delay stated; at the earliest possible moment the goods will be forwarded as per directions.

SEEDS BY MAIL.—We will pay the postage on all the small seeds in packets, ounces, quarter-pounds and pounds that are purchased from this Catalogue. For Peas and Beans add at the rate of 15 cts. per quart to the Catalogue price, and for Corn at the rate of 10 cts. per quart when ordered by mail. When, on account of bulk or weight, goods cannot be sent by mail, we will deliver free to express or freight offices in Bridgeport, the purchaser to pay all other transportation charges.

NON-WARRANTY

Most of the failures in seeds are due to causes entirely beyond our control, such as unfavorable weather or soil conditions, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., which renders it impossible for us to guarantee success, although we take all possible care to supply only such goods as when under proper conditions produces satisfactory results. We give no warranty as to description, quality or productiveness of any of the seeds, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop; every order for articles named in this Catalogue will be executed on these conditions only. It must, however, be plain to every one who gives the matter the slightest thought that it is to our best interest to send out only such stock as will not only grow, but prove true to name and description. All seeds that we sell are tested.

FARMERS' SUPPLY & ROOFING CO.

256 Middle Street, BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

General List of

SELECT VEGETABLE SEEDS



Palmetto Aeparague

ARTICHOKE

CULTURE.—Deep, rich sandy loam with plenty of well-rotted manure. Sow seed in May, and when large enough transplant into rows 3 or 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the rows. When cold weather sets in bank the earth to the top, first cutting off and tying up the leaves so that they will occupy less space, and in the spring fork in a dressing of manure. The heads should be cut off and used as they get

ready. If left to ripen on the plant they will exhaust it, and no more will be produced that season.

French Globe. The standard sort. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.

Early Purple, or Violet. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 4lb. 85 cts.

ASPARAGUS

CULTURE.—Sow the seed thinly in rows I foot apart in May, four or five pounds to the acre, and keep down all weeds. To secure a strong, healthy plant thin out the seedlings to 3 or 4 inches apart in the rows, saving only the strongest, the one-year plants to be set out in the spring in a rich, sandy loam dug 18 inches deep, into which has been worked plenty of well-rotted manure.

Colossal. The most popular and standard sort. The roots are vigorous and productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts.

Palmetto. A very desirable stock; green. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts.

Columbian Mammoth White. Very large, white stalks. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Barr's Mammoth. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 60 cts.

BEANS

CULTURE.—Plant at intervals of two weeks from May 1 to August 15. For field culture the rows should be about 2½ feet apart, for garden culture 18 inches apart. Drop in drills in fields 2 or 3 inches apart to a depth of 1 or 2 inches.

We supply packets of the Beans at 10 cts. each, postpaid

DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP BEANS

Bountiful. Extra large; very prolific and long bearing. Flat, green pod, tender and stringless. Pt. 15c., qt. 25c., pk. \$1.35.

Long Yellow Six Weeks. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.10.

Dwarf Horticultural. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25.

Improved Extra-Early Valentine. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25.

Large, White Kidney. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.25.



DWARF WAX, or BUTTER BEANS

Davis Kidney Wax. Pods long, bean flat, nearly waxy in color; seed pure white and eating qualities excellent. Beans pure white, and excellent for canners' use. Pt. 15c., qt. 25c., pk. \$1.75.

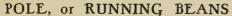
Wardwell's Kidney Wax. A most excellent variety, widely known and deservedly popular. Pods come sound, long, broad, flat, brittle and stringless. Bean kidney shape, white shaded with purplish brown; vine strong and upright in growth. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.85.

Currie's Rust-Proof Black Wax. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.85.

Improved Golden Wax.
Very large, flat pods, long,
stringless. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk \$1.50.

Refugee Wax. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Valentine Wax. One of the earliest; is very productive; first in quality; round pods. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.



CULTURE.—Sow as the soil becomes warm and dry from the first of May (for all except Limas) to the latter part, in hills 4 feet each way. Limas should not be planted until warm weather has fully set in. One quart of Limas will plant about 100 hills, running



Burpee's Bush Limas



Wardwell's Kidney Wax

four or five beans to a hill, and all of the smaller size about 200 hills. Poles 8 to 10 feet long should be firmly set in the hills before planting seeds.

Large White Limas. The genuine Lima Bean. Leading grower; fine variety for market or home use. Beans are flat, kidney shape, pure white in color. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

King of the Garden. Large in pod and bean; extra quality and handsome appearance. Pt. 15c., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

Scarlet Runner. A popular English variety; very ornamental, with scarlet blossoms. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

Pole Horticultural. Good as a snap or shell Bean. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 30 cts., pk. \$1.75.

GREEN-PODDED DWARF BEANS

Burpee Bush Lima. Although the bush grows only 18 to 20 inches in height, the Beans are as large as the Pole Limas. This Bean has become immensely popular. The plants come true from seed and the dwarf habit has become well fixed. The strong constitution of the plant is shown in its stout, thick stalk, and large, deep green leathery leaves, and rich as well in its pile of thick, strong, handsome pods, which are as large and well filled as those of the Pole Limas. Identical in size and flavor with the Pole Lima, having the same rich buttery taste; preferred by many to that variety. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

Goddard, or Boston Favorite. Red pods, somewhat similar to Dwarf Horticultural. Popular in the Boston market as a shell variety. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. New. Extra large, very popular and entirely stringless; crisp and tender, and of fine quality. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$2.

Improved Early Red Valentine. Very large and one of the most popular round-pod Beans; best snap sort. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

WE SUPPLY PACKETS OF ALL BEANS AT 10 CTS. EACH, POSTPAID



the ground can be worked 15 or 6 lbs. to the acre) and every two weeks, if for a succession, up to the first week of July. For general crop, sow about the middle of May. The soil should be light, sandy loam, well enriched with stable manure, and plowed and harrowed until very fine. Sow in drills, 1 foot to 15 inches apart, and when well up, thin from 4 to 6 inches. The young Beets, with their tops, pulled out every other row, are excellent to be used as spinach. For this purpose sow frequently and use when the size of a hickory-nut.

Early Blood Turnip. Dark red, fine flavor. The roots are handsome; round and of good size. It has a small top, and is fine grained; when cooked, it is tender, rich and sugary. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10C., 1/4lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Edmand's Blood Turnip. A market-gardeners' strain; of great regularity in shape and very dark flesh of best quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Eclipse. Very large, round roots and bright red. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Egyptian. Very large, and of a dark blood color; rich and flat in shape. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Swiss Chard Silver, or Sea Kale. Grown exclusively for its leaves. The middle of the leaf can be used and served like asparagus; the rest of the leaf like spinach. Pkt. 10c., 1/4 lb. 20c., lb. 50c.

MANGEL-WURZEL

CULTURE.—As all Mangels require a deep soil in order to grow well, plow and subsoil at least a foot to 18 inches, and apply plenty of rich stable manure.

Sow in May or June (5 or 8 lbs. to the acre), in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart, and thin to 8 inches in the row. As soon as frost comes, dig the crop. But in order to be well preserved for gradual consumption during the winter, Mangel-Wurzels should be heaped to a height of perhaps 6 feet, in a dry, sloping situation; cover it first with one inch of sand, and as the cold increases, it should be covered by about 6 inches of either salt-hay, straw or corn-stalks.

By following up this gradual process of covering, all danger of heating will be obviated and the roots are made in perfect order. Sow from 5 to 8 lbs. to the acre.

LongRed Norbitant Giant.
Sometimes called Jumbo or Colossal. Oz. 10 cts., 14 lb. 15 cts., 1b. 30 cts.

Golden Tan-kard. Best and most popular for dairy farming; a very large, yellowfleshed sort, said to contain a large amount of sugar. Fine for either cattle or sheep; grows largely ground; ahove hardy, and very heavy crop-per. Pkt. 10 cts., ¼lb. 15 cts., lb. 30 cts.

Long Red Mammoth Prize.
The most largely grown of any of the Mangels.
Leaves obtain an enormous size, producing 30 to 50 tons per acre.
Quality superior to the best for deep soil. Oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts., lb. 30 cts.



Golden Tankard Mangel



Hendereon's Early Summer

CABBAGE

CULTURE. — For very early sow in January or February in hotbeds. Set out, when plants are strong enough into other hotbeds or sow in coldframes in March; transplant to the open ground when danger from killing frost is past, into rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches apart in a row. For succession, sow in the open ground the last of March or early in April. The autumn and winter varieties sow in April or early in May, in shallow frames, 3 or 4 inches apart; transplant early, in rows 2½ feet apart and 2 feet in the row. Cabbage succeeds best in a fresh, rich soil, well manured and deeply dug or plowed. The late plants are subject to an attack of Cabbage fly, which destroys them as fast as they appear above ground. To preserve the plants, sprinkle them with wood ashes, air-slaked lime, plaster or slug-shot or tobacco-dust early in the morning while the plants are wet with dew.

Early Jersey Wakefield. A leading early variety, and one of the best for prime or marketgardeners' use; conical shape and good quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼lb. 65 cts., lb. \$2.50.

Early Winnigstadt. This has been a favorite for many years, as it is good for either early or late use. In some sections the best early sort; conical shape; quality very good. This variety is espe-cially adapted for light soils, where it does better than other sorts. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Henderson's Early Summer. The only early and round, flat head Cabbage; fully one week earlier than any flat Cabbage, and cutting onethird more than any other extra-early. It heads firmly, is fine grown and of extra good quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 4lb. 50 cts.

Warren Stonemason. An improvement on the Stonemason Drumhead. Heads round, firm and large; is an extra good keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 4lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.25.

Red Dutch. The best known of the red Cabbages, being used for pickling. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Bridgeport Drumhead. This is the favorite Cabbage in this vicinity for shippers and truckers. Heads are round, large and very solid, and thus seldom burst as do many sorts. Ours is the genuine stock; none better at any price. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 1/4 lb. 65 cts.

Danish Ball. This extra hard-heading variety of Cabbage originated in Denmark. It is the mediumsized head white Cabbage that is received from abroad during the early spring months, and, even after the long journey, arrives in splendid condition. It is the medium-headed rich variety, but is used always as a winter Cabbage. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼ lb. 65 cts.

Early Flat Dutch. Early, and heads smaller than

Late Flat Dutch; a good second early; sure header, weighing 10 or 12 pounds. Valuable garden sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 4lb. 65 cts.

Our Southport Globe Onion seed ie true to name. Raised eepecially for us.



Bridgeport Drumhead

CARROTS

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 3 or 4 pounds per acre

CULTURE. - Carrots to grow in perfection require a rich, deep sandy loam, well pulverized and deeply cultivated. For an early crop sow in May and June in drills about 1 foot apart, thinning out to 4 inches in the row. Sow for main crop in June and July. The large late variety for field culture should be sown in drills 3 to 31/2 inches apart, so as to cultivate by horse. An important point in sowing Carrots (as in all other seeds) is to tread the rows

firmly after sowing.

Danvers Half-Long Orange. A rich, oval red variety; very smooth and handsome, producing very large crops; an excellent market variety. Tops are medium size and coarsely divided. The roots taper to a blunt point; flesh sweet, crisp and tender. Although the roots of this variety grow shorter, it produces more bulk to the acre than the large field varieties. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.



Danvers Half-Long Orange Carrots

Improved Long Orange. Extensively grown; hardly equal to Danvers in quality, but good and hardy in the yield. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10c., 1/2 lb. 20c., lb. 60c. Early Scarlet Horn. The favorite early red summer variety. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10c., 1/2 lb. 20c., lb. 60c.

Oxheart. A useful variety on soil, too hard and stiff for the longer-growing sort, as it is not over 5 or 6 inches long. Can be pulled by hand. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

CAULIFLOWER

CULTURE.—The same as for cabbage, excepting extra manure and plenty of water will pay on Cauliflower. If the soil be dry water frequently, and have the plants covered with a heavy mulch of hay or straw; it will keep the soil moist and the plants will not suffer from drought. The early kind should be strong enough to plant out not later than the middle of April. The late kind may be planted out the same as for cabbage.

Henderson's Early Snowball. Each strain of | Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt. A fine strain of this popular variety is unequaled. It is one of the best for forcing under glass or open ground. Pkt. 10 cts., 40z. 50 cts., 20z. 90 cts., 0z. \$2.25.

the Erfurt Cauliflower. Almost as early as the Snowball; grows about 14 inches high, producing very solid, pure white heads of the very finest



Henderson's Early Snowball Cauliflower

CORN, SWEET or SUGAR

One quart will plant 200 hills, 10 quarts to an acre

CULTURE.—The sweet and sugar varieties being liable to rot in cold or wet ground, should not be planted before May or until the ground has become warm. For a succession, continue planting every two weeks until the middle of July, in rich, well-manured ground, in hills 3 feet apart each way, covering early sorts 1 inch; early and late sort, 11/2 inches, and thin out to three plants to a hill. Extra-early varieties can be planted 18 inches in the row and 21/2 feet between the rows.

Packet of any variety of Sweet Corn, 10 cts., postpaid

EARLY VARIETIES

Metropolitan. An extra-early variety; leaves a few days earlier than Cory. It produces large ears; grows 51/2 feet high; ears set low; quality good, being sweet and sugary. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 25 cts., pk. 75 cts.

Red Cory. A very large variety; good sized ears. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 25 cts., pk. 75 cts.

White Cory. Resembles the ordinary Cory, with white cob. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 25 cts., pk. 75 cts.

Early Maine. Second-early; large ears and good quality. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 25 cts., pk. 75 cts.

Early Crosby. A favorite variety; very large producer; rich, sugary flavor. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 25 cts., pk. 75 cts.



Country Gentleman

Bridgeport Yellow Golden. Extra-early Sweet Corn; largest and of the extreme earlies. Most delicious in flavor. The stalks are dwarf and strong in habit, growing to the height of 4 feet. They bear two or three good ears, which are well set above the ground. Ears 5 or 6 inches in length, of broad, yellow grain, well filled. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.75.

GENERAL AND LATE CROP

Country Gentleman. Leaves about the same time as Stowell's Evergreen; ears medium size, deep grains placed in irregular rows on cob and deliciously sweet. One of the best. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 30 cts., pk. 90 cts.

Potter's Excelsion. A second-early variety; ears large and sweet. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., 2 qts. 25 cts., pk. 75 cts.

Stowell's Improved Ever-

green. Productive, very tender, sugary, and remains in good condition, suitable for cooking for a long time. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., pk. 75 cts.

Hickox. Handsome ears; very white and of rich flavor. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., pk. 75 cts.

Black Mexican. The grains are black when fully matured. It is one of the sweetest and finest table varieties we know of. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 15 cts., pk. 75 cts.



Stowell's Evergreen

We buy our seed potatoes direct from the Maine growers. All seed true to name



Golden Self-Blanching Celery

CELERY

We shall be pleased to furnish you with culture for Celery if you will mention it with your order.

Boston Market. This variety is of superior quality and is very popular among Celery growers living near Boston. It is of a very mild flavor and extremely tender and crisp. It forms a cluster of heads instead of a single large one, and should be blanched by earthing up. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 40 cts., lb. \$1.20.

Giant Pascal. A superior keeping sort. Stalks are very large, thick, solid, crisp and of rich nutty flavor. It blanches very easily and quickly and retains its freshness a long time. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 40c., lb. \$1.25.

Improved White Plume. Naturally white; most popular variety of Celery; very large, ornamental and in quality surpassed by none. Pkt. 5 cts. oz. 15 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.75.

Golden Self-blanching. American-grown seed and a sort requiring but little labor to cultivate. Hard, rich golden yellow, with light yellowish green outer leaves. Pkt. 10 cts., 0z. 40 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.25.

CUCUMBERS

One ounce will plant 50 hills, 2 lbs. an acre

CULTURE.—For very early Cucumbers, sow April 1 in a hotbed upon pieces of sod (grass side down), so that they can be readily transplanted to the open ground in rich soil when danger of frost is over, or protected by hand-glasses. For early use, plant after the weather has become warm and settled in hills about 4 feet apart each way; thin out to four of the strongest plants to each hill,

when all danger from insects is over. For succession, put in a warm, moist, rich loamy soil and continue planting at intervals for a succession. The Cucumbers should be gathered when large enough for use, whether required or not. If left to ripen, it destroys their productiveness. For pickles, plant from June until the middle of July.

White Spine, Improved. Very handsome and uniformly early variety. It is very productive, crisp and of a fine flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Early Frame, or Short Green. A vigorous grower and a great producer; fruit immense in size; very large and good for pickling or slicing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb: 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Cumberland. The best pickling sort yet introduced, being very handsome and prolific, with flesh fine, very crisp and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 30 cts., lb. 90 cts.

Long Green Turkey. The leading long-growing sort, used for pickling. Fruits are dark green, long and well formed; fine, crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Japanese Climbing. Can be grown on a trellis; very prolific and good quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts?

Extra - Early Russian. Earliest variety known. Hardy and fine fruit; very small, and quality fine for pickling and slicing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10c., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Horton's Pickling. Fruit hard, small and pointed at each end; color dark green; great seller. One of the best sorts for pickling. Pkt. 5c., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.



Horton's Pickling



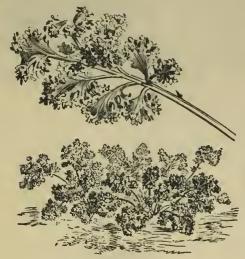
Improved White Spine Cucumber

CRESS

CULTURE.—Sow thickly in shallow drills early in the spring, and at intervals throughout the season for a succession. Water Cress requires a stream of running water, ditch or pond, in which it will grow without any care, excepting that of keeping weeds from interfering with it.

Extra Curled, or Pepper Grass. Of fine flavor, and best suited to a dry soil. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts.

Erfurt. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts.



Extra Curled Cress

EGGPLANT

CULTURE.—Sow in hotbed very early in the spring, and transplant when 2 inches high into a second bed or small pots. If this is not done, thin to 4 inches apart. Do not plant out until the weather has become settled and warm. Keep some back in frames for second planting in case the weather changes unexpectedly.

Improved New York Spineless. The strongest, earliest and best; large, oval, deep spines; large and productive. Pkt. 10 cts.

KALE

An ounce of seed will sow a drill about 200 feet
long

CULTURE.—Kale is more hardy than Cabbage. Most extensively grown for winter and spring use, and is improved by frost. Sow from May or June, and culture the same as Cabbage. For early spring use sow in September and protect during the winter.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. Rarely exceeding 18 inches in height but spreading out with good culture to 3 feet in diameter. Leaves beautifully curled and bright green. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts.

DANDELION

Grows 2 feet, with leaves dark green, curly and wrinkled; very hardy, and is improved by light frost. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.



Improved New York Spineless Eggplant

LEEK

One ounce will plant 200 feet of drill

CULTURE.—Is very hardy and easily cultivated. It thrives best in a light, deep and rich soil. Sow as early in the spring as practical, in drills 1 inch deep and 1 foot apart. When 6 or 8 inches high they may be transplanted in rows 10 inches apart each way, as deep as possible, that the neck may be covered and blanched.

American Flag. Early and superior to London Flag; very popular with market-gardeners. Pkt. 5 cts, 02, 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 30 cts.



American Flag Leek

Market-gardeners who buy seeds in quantities will always receive special prices for quantity. If you are a market-gardener write us.



Big Boston Lettuce

Black-seeded Tennisball Lettuce

LETTUCE

CULTURE.—Sow the seed in hotbeds in February or March and transplant into sheltering border with southern exposure. For succession, sowings may be made in the open ground as early as spring opens, transplanting until July. Always thin out where all the plants are strong.

Boston Market. Hardy and crisp; the earliest heading variety; good for forcing. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Big Boston. Fine for forcing in coldframe or in open ground. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Improved Hanson. This superior Lettuce is one of the best for summer hotels; best selected sort. The heads grow to a remarkable size and are white, tender and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 4lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Black-seeded Tennisball. A favorite forcing variety; forms a close hard head with few outer leaves. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Tennisball White-seeded. Extensively grown for forcing and heading under glass; heads firm and of good size; very white and crisp. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Iceberg. New. Of beautiful appearance and excellent quality; leaves green, slightly tinted with red at the edge; of good size and solid. It is bound to be a leader. Pkt. 5c., oz. 10c., ½ lb. 25c., lb. 75c.

Simpson Early Curled White-seeded. A leading early sort, good for planting in open ground; a favorite with market-gardeners. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Prizehead Early. Leaves green and rich, very thin, crisp and tender. One of the best for private use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts., lb. 75c.



Rocky Ford Improved Muskmelon

MUSKMELONS

One ounce will plant about 50 hills, 2 or 3 lbs., in hill, an acre

CULTURE.—Melons thrive best in light, rich soil. Plant early in May, when the ground has become warm and dry, in hills 6 feet apart each way for Muskmelons, 8 feet for Watermelons.

Previous to sowing the seed mix a few shovelfuls of well-rotted manure in each hill and plant in each twelve or fifteen seeds. After all danger of the bugs is over thin out to three plants per hill. When about 1 foot long pinch

off the tips to make them branch, as it strengthens the growth of the vines and makes the fruit mature earlier. Give plenty of water and feed liquid manure occasionally. A few hills for early use may be had by sowing on pieces of sod in a hotbed, and when warm enough transplant to open ground.

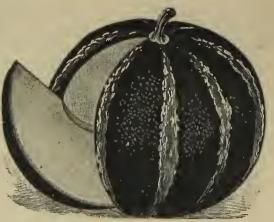
Rocky Ford Improved. This delicious melon is of the Netted Gem type, oval in shape and beautifully netted. It has been improved at Rocky Ford, Colorado, a section noted for its fine Muskmelons, and

MUSKMELONS, continued

from this point they have been shipped to every city in the United States, thus gaining a national reputation for the "Rocky Ford." The melons average about 5 inches in length and are of a most delicious flavor; the flesh is fine-grained and light green color. This is the most popular variety of Muskmelons grown, and in season will be found on the table of all leading hotels and restaurants. The seed we offer is from an improved strain of the true oval type, but highly prized by the growers at Rocky Ford. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 18 b 25 cts.

Emerald Gem. A small very early melon; form globular, flesh salmon color; the flavor is exceptionally fine; solid; exterior dark green. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼lb. 50 cts., lb. \$1.50.

Hackensack. Melons grow to a large size and attractive appearance. Flesh green, very sweet and sugary; outer skin is heavily netted. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½lb. 30 cts.



Emerald Gem Muskmelons

WATERMELONS

One ounce for 30 hills, 4 or 5 lbs. for an acre

For culture, see directions under heading of Muskmelons.

Mountain Sweet. Early, large, oblong; skin dark green, flesh red, very solid and sweet; a good melon for northern gardens. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 55 cts.

Kolb's Gem. A delicious, sugary flavor; hright red, flesh firm and solid; one of the most productive and nice for cutting. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts.

Cole's Early. The earliest variety; large heart, flesh of fine texture and good flavor; rind thick. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts.



Kolb's Gem Watermelon

NASTURTIUMS

Four ounces of seed to 100 feet of row

CULTURE.—Both for use and ornament. The seed-pods, which resemble capers, are gathered while green and tender for pickling and the leaves are used for mixing in salads. Sow early in the spring in drills about 1 inch deep in light, rich soil when all danger of frost is over. Train tall ones on trellis or fences and grow the dwarf ones in beds.

Tall Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts. Dwarf Mixed. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 25 cts.



ONIONS

One ounce for 100 feet of drill, 5 or 6 lbs. for one acre

CULTURE.—For sets, sow the seeds very thickly in drills, as early as possible in the spring. As soon as the tops die off in summer, remove them to a dry, airy place, and early the following spring replant by placing sets in shallow drills 12 inches apart and 4 inches apart in the drills. The Onions by this process attain a large size. They may also be grown to full size during the first season by sowing thinly in drills, 1 foot apart and about ¼ inch deep, in March or early April, in strong, well-manured land, and thinning them out to stand 3 or 4 inches apart in the drills. They delight in a strong, rich, deep loamy soil, and succeed well if grown successive years on the same ground.

By sowing seed in frames in February or March and transplanting in April, Onions of immense size can be obtained. For this purpose the varieties Southport, English Yellow and Red are usually preferred.

Yellow Globe Danvers. A standard sort, and one of the most desirable. An excellent keeper, and very productive. Our strain of this variety is a true globe shape and not of the flat type. It is the best paying Onion that is grown for general crop, and has been the leading variety for years. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 35 cts., lb. \$1.25.

Large Red Wethersfield. This is the leading variety in the eastern states; grows to full size the first season from seed; large and fine; an easy keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 25 cts., lb. 85 cts.

Southport Yellow Globe. A very large, handsome globe-shaped yellow variety. Very productive, of mild flavor. This is also a favorite variety for the Onion grower. The outer skin is a beautiful pale yellow; the bulbs are a beautiful globe shape; a good keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts.

Southport Red Globe. Beautiful globe shape; a good keeper, and of superior quality. This variety is very popular in the market as a red sort. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts.

Southport White Globe. Pure white color, mild flavor, and equally as good for shipping as the yellow sort. It is an important yielder, and also sells at high prices. It is best to dry these Onions in a shady place, where they will get plenty of air. Our seed of this strain is very fine and raised from selected bulbs, and is much better than ordinary seeds offered by some houses. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts.

ONION SETS

Prices subject to market changes

Onion Sets should be planted out as early in the spring as the ground is dry enough to work. Plant them in rows 1 foot apart, in sets 3 or 4 inches apart in the row.

Yellow, White and Red. Qt. 15 cts.

Send for our Poultry and Dairy Catalogues

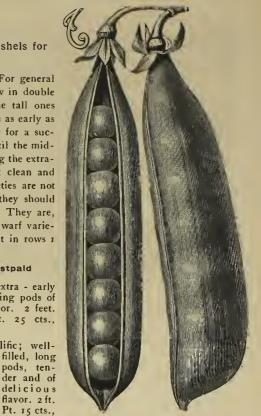
PEAS

One quart will plant about 100 feet of drill, 11/2 bushels for one acre

CULTURE.—Peas mature earlier in light, rich soil. For general crop, a rich, deep loam or inclining to clay is best. Sow in double rows 6 or 8 inches apart, in rows 2 or 4 feet apart; the tall ones require brush. Commence sowing the extra-early varieties as early as the ground can be worked in March or April, continuing for a succession every two weeks until June, then discontinuing until the middle of August, when a good crop may be secured by sowing the extraearly and large sorts for fall use. They should be kept clean and earthed up twice during the growth. The wrinkled varieties are not as hardy as the small, round sorts, and if planted early they should have a dry soil or they are liable to rot in the ground. They are, however, the sweetest and best-flavored varieties. The dwarf varieties are best suited for small gardens or for forcing; plant in rows 1 foot deep.

Packets of all varieties of Peas, 10 cts. each, postpaid





Alaska Peas

pk. \$1.10. American Wonder. A very fine extra-early wrinkled variety. The flavor and growth of the peas are excellent, and this dwarf head makes it a desirable sort. 10 inches. ½pt. 10 cts., pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.65.

qt. 25 cts.,

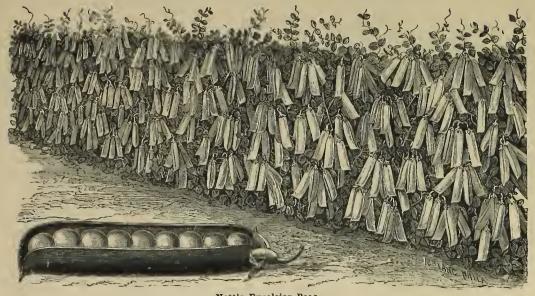
Champion of England. A popular wrinkled variety; delicious flavor, profuse bearer; peas are large and very tender. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.

Everbearing. A first-class Pea for fall and autumn use; pods 3 or 4 inches long, containing 6 or 8 peas of rich flavor; very sweet and tender. 2 feet. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.15.

First and Best. Very large and prolific; popular with canners. 2½ feet. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.

Gradus, or Prosperity. This fine extra-early combines the best qualities with extreme earliness, and it is also very productive. It is very hardy, and can be planted nearly as early as the smooth Peas; growth vigorous and healthy; vines 3 feet in height, and is very prolific, bearing pods fully as large as Telephone. The color of the shelled pea is a beautiful light green, which color they retaln after being cooked; quality and flavor are delicious, and the peas remain tender and sweet for a long time. Pt. 25 cts., qt. 40 cts., pk. \$2.

Improved Stratagem. Pods of immense size, filled with very large, dark green peas of the finest quality. This is a great favorite, both for private gardens and for the trucker; the vines grow strong and vigorous. 2 feet. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.40.



Nott's Excelsior Peas

PEAS, continued

Improved Telephone. Smooth pods, and peas of finest quality. 4 feet. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Premium Gem. Fine flavor; dwarf wrinkled variety. 18 inches. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Nott's Excelsior. An improvement on the American Wonder, being as early, if not a little earlier, and the pods are decidedly large, and grow more of them to the plant. It grows about one-half taller than American Wonder, and careful comparison of the two sorts taken side by side shows Nott's Excelsior to be a decided improvement in every way. 14 inches. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.50.

Black-eyed Marrowfat. An old favorite. Pt. 10 cts., qt. 20 cts., pk. 85 cts.

Yorkshire Hero. A splendid wrinkled Pea for garden or kitchen; grows 2½ feet high. Pt. 15 cts., qt. 25 cts., pk. \$1.15.

Canada Field. For prices, see Field Seeds.

Cow-Peas. See prices for Field Seeds.

PARSLEY

CULTURE.—Used for garnishing and flavoring soups, meats, etc. Grows best in mellow, rich soil. Sow thickly early in April in rows 1 foot apart and 1/2 inch deep; thin out the plants to stand 6 inches



Champion Moss Curled Parsley

apart in the rows. The seed is slow of germination, taking from three to four weeks to make its appearance, and often failing to come up in dry weather. To assist these coming up quicker, soak the seed a few hours in warm water, or sprout in damp earth and sow when it swells or bursts. For winter use, protect in frames or light cellar.

Champion Moss Curled. The standard variety grown for edging, and good for flavoring. One of the most valuable varieties. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 15 cts.

PARSNIPS

One ounce for 200 feet of drill, 5 or 6 lbs. to the acre

CULTURE.—Sow as early in the spring as the weather will permit, in drills 15 inches apart and ½ inch deep in a rich, deep soil. Thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows. The plants of this sort are improved by leaving them in the ground over winter for spring use. Secure enough in pits or cellar for immediate need. Valuable for feeding stock, as well as table use.

Long Smooth. The best variety. Long, very smooth, white, tender, sugary and of excellent flavor. This strain was one of the earliest: The

roots grow to an ideal shape and have the distinct hollow crown. It has been improved for a number of years and is now nearly perfect, the roots growing uniformly in size and shape. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 50 cts.



Parsnip

We sell Armour's Fertilizer-nothing better

PEPPERS'

One ounce will produce 2,000 plants

CULTURE.—Peppers are indispensable for seasoning for soups and meats. Large varieties are mainly used for this purpose and pickling. Mild white varieties are used for mangoes, while the small-fruited sorts are best for sauce. Sow in hotbeds in March or April, or in a warm, sheltered border in April, and when the season is favorable transplant in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the row in good rich ground.

Large Bell, or Boston Market. Large early variety, mild flavor, thick and fleshy. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts.

Long Red Cayenne. A small, long, bright red sort; very productive, extremely strong and pungent. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts.



Long Red Cayenne Pepper

PUMPKINS

CULTURE.—Sow in good soil in May, when the ground has become warm, in hills 8 or 10 feet apart each way; or in fields of corn about every fourth hill. Plant at the same time with the corn. Always avoid planting near other vines, as they will hybridize.

Common Field. This variety is most extensively grown throughout New England and New York for field culture. It is generally planted with corn. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts., lb. 40 cts.

Sweet, or Sugar. This is a small round and very prolific variety; skin and flesh deep orange-yellow, very fine grain, sweet and fine for pies. The pie Pumpkin of New England. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/2 lb. 15 cts., lb. 50 cts.

Seeds are taken by leading express companies at a reduction of 40 per cent. You can get them quickly at small expense



RADISH

CULTURE.—Radishes thrive best in low, rich mellow soil. To bring out their mild qualities they must make a quick and tender growth. Sow for very early use in hotbeds during winter and early spring, or later in well-sheltered borders; in well-manured, deeply dug and finely raked soil. Sow in drills 10 inches apart; sow at intervals of two or three weeks until September for succession. Sow winter varieties in July or August. They make the best growth in autumn and must be taken out before severe frosts and stored away in a cool cellar or sand in a pit, where they will keep tender and crisp all winter. Before serving put in cold water, which adds to their fresh-

Vick's Scarlet Globe. Olive shape; one of the very earliest Radishes in cultivation. Equally good for forcing or open culture in the spring and early summer. Color a beautiful scarlet; crisp, juicy and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 15 cts.

Improved Long Scarlet. Hardy top; a well-known and very popular variety; of excellent quality; standard sort for market and home garden; early, brittle and tender. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts.

French Breakfast. Olive shape, pink color, white tip and the favorite variety for the markets of Paris; popular everywhere. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.



Pumpkin



Improved Hubbard Squash

SQUASH

One ounce will plant 50 hills, one ounce of Vegetable Marrow 25 hills

CULTURE.—The plants are very tender and sensitive to cold, and planting must be delayed until settled warm weather. The general principles of culture are the same as previously given for cucumbers and melons, but the plants are less particular about soil. The smaller varieties should be planted 4 feet apart each way, and the winter sorts 8 feet; three plants are sufficient for a hill. Care should be taken not to break the stems from the Squash intended for winter use, as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay.

Improved Hubbard. The well-known and standard rich variety. Our strain is an excellent one; the growth favorable in all markets; very popular in the East. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 30 cts., lb. \$1.

Boston Marrow. A fine, full variety; oval; bright orange; flesh yellow and firm; best for pies, and also for canning. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 55 cts.

Bay State. Is a hardy, green-shelled variety; good for fall and winter use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts.

Golden Summer Crookneck. The standard summer variety; small crookneck; skin fine yellow; very large, and quick producer. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.



Essex Hybrid Squash

Essex Hybrid. A standard winter sort; flesh a trifle darker than the Hubbard; an excellent keeper. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ½ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

New Warted Hubbard. A superior strain of main Squash, and entirely covered with warty excrescences; rich, dark green color, and of very best quality. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 25 cts., lb. 75 cts.

Dunlap's Prolific Marrow. A brilliant orangered color; one of the earliest, and fine fall variety; a good keeper and excellent quality; fine for pies and canners' use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 14 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

American Turban. Orange-yellow flesh of good flavor; for fall and winter use. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼ lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

SUNFLOWER SEED, MAMMOTH

An excellent and cheap food for fowls; farmers should plant this for feeding chickens. It is largely productive of seed, as the heads grow to a large size, sometimes measuring as much as 18 inches in diameter, and are full of seed. Pkt. 5 cts., lb. 10 cts.



SPINACH

One ounce per 100 feet of drill, 10 to 12 lbs. in drills for an acre

CULTURE.—Sow Spinach either broadcast or in drills I foot apart and I inch deep, as early as the ground can be worked, and sow every two weeks for succession. For winter and early spring use, sow in September in well-manured ground; cover with straw on approach of severe cold weather. The ground cannot be too rich; the stronger the ground the more delicate and succulent will be the production.

Improved Thick-leaved. Produces dark green crumpled leaves; large shape, tender and fit to cook a long time before going to seed; of fine substance and flavor. Oz. 5 cts., 1/4 lb. 10 cts., lb. 30c.

Bloomsdale Savoy-leaved. A heavy cropper of fine quality and very hardy; succulent leaves, crimpled and curled like a savoy cabbage; hardy and more productive. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., lb. 30 cts.

TOMATOES CULTURE. - For early plants sow in hotbeds early in April in drills 5 inches apart and 1/2 inch deep. When the plants are about 2 inches high transplant in another hotbed 4 inches apart each way. Plant out in the open ground early in May, as soon as all danger from frost is over 4 feet apart each way in hills which should have a shovelful of wellrotted manure mixed in the soil. Water freely at the time of transplant-When the ing. first fruit is set pinch off the ends Dwarf of the branches to Champion obtain early fruit.

be grown in a shallow box or a large flower pot by placing it in the sunny window in a warm room or in the kitchen. For late use, sow in a sheltered border in May and set out plants in July. All the green fruit can be picked off and ripened under glass. By

Sufficient plants for a small garden can

training the vines on trellis or tying to stakes the fruit will ripen better and be of fine quality.

Dwarf Champion. An early and popular variety, medium in size, plants of dwarf and compact growth. Color purplish crimson, smooth, solid, fine quality; abundant bearer. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼lb. 85 cts.

Livingston Perfection. Early sort. Color pinkish red; thick flesh, regular form; a good bearer; very thrifty. Pkt 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 50 cts., lb. \$2.

New Stone. A great favorite with canners. The heaviest and most solid-fruited of the large Tomatoes. Our stock is distinctly superior to most of any offered under this name, being more uniform, better color fruit, round apple shape; very large, deep red and astonishingly heavy. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ¼1b. 60 cts., 1b. \$2.

Spark's Earliana. A good variety. It is hardy and can be set out early; color of flesh deep red; very solid and of good flavor. Pkt. 10 cts., ½02. 25 cts., 02. 45 cts.

Ponderosa. A very fine new sort. Very early, solid and of good flavor. Specimens have been grown to weigh four pounds. Color bright red; very few seeds. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 4lb. 85 cts.

Acme Early. Well known and easily cultivated.

Large, smooth and ripens evenly; color purplish red. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., 4lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.



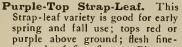
New Stone

Our Implement Catalogue contains all necessary tools for farming or gardening

TURNIPS

CULTURE. - For early use, sow as soon as the ground opens in the spring, in drills 12 to 15 inches apart; thin out to 6 or 9 inches in the row. For succession, continue to sow every two weeks until

For fall and winter crop, sow in July and August. Rutabagas are grown for feeding stock, and are also excellent for the table. Take up roots in November, or before severe frosts; cut off tops to within an inch of the ground; store in cold cellar or pit, or pile them in a conical hill out-of-doors in dry ground; cover carefully with long straw and finish by earthing up with from 12 to 15 inches of earth, leaving a trench around the heap to carry off the water. Put away in this manner, they will be found in good condition in the spring.

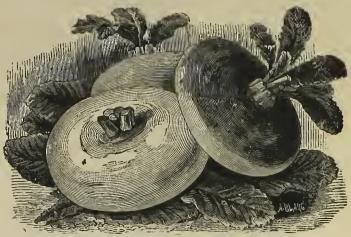


grained, of fine flavor. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼ lb. 20 cts., lb. 40 cts.

Early White Egg. For spring or fall sowing. Flesh white, firm, fine-grained. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Skirving's Purple-Top. A well-known yellowish purple variety, of large size; fine quality; good for cooking or for stock. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4 lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Sweet German, or Long White French. Universally considered to be the sweetest, mildest-



Purple-Top Strap-Leaf Turnips

flavored, finest-grained Turnip for table use; solid as a stone, and will remain in this condition until spring if properly cared for. Has no equal as a winter Turnip. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 4lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

Improved American Purple-Top Rutabaga. This strain is of American origin, bred of a smaller top and hard neck; bulb of great size, yellow flesh and purple crown; one of the most desirable varieties. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., 1/4lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

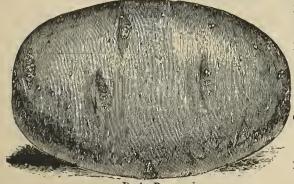
POTATOES

Grown Expressly for Seed

One peck will plant about 125 hills, 12 bushels to the acre

CULTURE. - The Potatoes we offer to our customers this year are Aroostook county, Maine, stock, grown especially for seed. The whole crop has been hand-picked. Our Potatoes are packed in bags, 165 lbs. net. will be sold in any quantity, and no charge for bags. We are always glad to quote prices.

Bovee. This is one of the best extra-early Potatoes. It resembles the Beauty of Hebron, but matures much earlier, and yields better than that good old-fashioned kind.



Early Rose

Early Rose. We are prepared to furnish fine Maine-grown Early Rose Potatoes in any quantity. Prices on application.

Beauty of Hebron. Of rapid and vigorous growth, ripening a week ahead of Early Rose, which it far exceeds in earliness, productiveness and excellence for table use, either boiled or baked; a good keeper; pure white skin; flesh rich and delicate. Price on application.

Green Mountain. A late Potato, which does well on all kinds of soils; very productive; oval in shape; good keeper, of fine quality. Price on application.

Irish Cobbler. A wonderful Potato. It will outyield all other early kinds and equal most of the later varieties. Color a pure creamy white.



BROOKLAWN LAWN GRASS SEED

This seed is named after the noted golf links at Bridgeport, Conn. The mixture we offer is largely composed of the kind of grasses that will thrive in this vicinity, and are particularly adapted for lawns that have hard usage where that soft velvety effect is desired. With the use of this mixture, and with proper care, the best of lawns can be produced. This special brand at 25 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs. or more at 20 cts. per lb.

Grass and Clover Seeds

We shall be pleased to submit samples and quote prices. Prices subject to market fluctuation.

Timothy, or Herd Grass. A well-known nutritious grass on most soils. Will produce a better crop than any other variety. We offer a particularly choice sample of seed. Sow ½ bus. per acre if alone, 45 lbs. to the bus.

Rhode Island Bent Grass. A fine hardy, very compact grass. Very permanent, readily forming a heavy sward; excellent for pasture. Sow 4 bus. per acre if alone, 10 lbs. to the bus.

Orchard. One of the earliest grass plants. Yields immense crops and is excellent for pasture or hay. Should be cut as it is coming into bloom, and will produce a heavy second crop. One of the best growers. Sow 3 bus. per acre, 14 lbs. to the bus.

Red Top. A valuable native permanent grass, growing in almost any soil, moist or dry, and standing our hot climate. We received this seed in finest quality direct from the western growers. Sow 3 bus. to an acre if alone. It is generally sown mixed with Timothy—1½ bus. of Red Top, ¼ bus. of Timothy, 10 lbs. to the bus.

Red Top, Clean Seed. Chaff and weeds shifted out; extra fine.

CLOVERS

All carefully cleaned and selected samples.

White. Excellent for lawns, as it remains green.
60 lbs. to the bus.

Crimson. An annual which flourishes well on poor soil. Grows about 2 feet high. Sow during July or August. Often cuts ten tons of good fodder if cut from May 1 to 10.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne. A Clover-like perennial, well adapted to light soil, producing a heavy crop of foliage. Stands cutting three or four times a season. Sow 15 to 25 lbs. per acre. 60 lbs. to the bus.

Sheep Fescue. Slender blades, and growing in close, compact clumps, and from 6 to 10 inches in height. 2½ bus. to the acre. 12 lbs. to the bus. Per bus. of 12 lbs., \$2.

FIELD SEEDS

Cow-peas (Whippoorwill). A very large-maturing variety of upright or bush growth, ripening early. The crop may be harvested any time to plant winter grain in the fall, providing seeds can be planted by the middle of May. The seed is light brown, speckled dark brown, of the same size and coloring as the egg of the whippoorwill. Qt. 20 cts., pk. 65 cts., bus. \$2.25.

Canada Field Peas. A small-seeded, very hardy Pea, which is valuable to sow early in the spring in connection with stiff straw oats. It produces green forage and is used for making ensilage. It can also be sown later at the rate of three bushels per acre broadcast early in the spring or in midsummer to turn under to enrich the land. The plants gather a large supply of nitrogen from the air. Write for prices.

FARM SEEDS

The prices on all Farm Seeds are net, subject to change without notice

Fodder Corn. For cutting for ensilage or curing for fodder.

Improved Learning Corn. This is a dented flint variety. Ears large, fine; deep, large grains of dark orange color and small red cob; stalks medium-sized; a great favorite. Qt. 10 cts., pk. 50 cts., bus. \$1.40. Special prices on larger quantities.

Early Sandford. Extensively used in various parts of New England for grain as well as for fodder and ensilage. It grows luxuriantly, and is very prolific; stalks large, with plenty of leaves and a handsome ear 12 inches long. Pk. 50 cts., bus. \$1.40.

Southern White (Sheep Tooth). A large producer, grown largely for ensilage. Our seed is selected stock, grown especially for seed. Pk. 50 cts., bus. \$1.40.

Southern White Field Corn (Horse Tooth). Not nearly as valuable for ensilage as Sheep Tooth. Bus. \$1.

Eight-Row Yellow Canada (Flint). Pk. 40 cts., bus. \$1.50.

Spring Rye. Is valuable for sowing when winter grain has been killed. It ripens early, and produces an abundance of grain and straw.

Winter Rye. The standard variety used for fall sowing, White Rye, is superior for winter use.

ARMOUR'S PURE ANIMAL FERTILIZERS

Some seed doesn't bring harvest, but you can't harvest without seed. This is an unfailing principle. There are many other conditions which must be met to insure even a fair harvest. The seed must have attention—must be fed and carefully tended—the seed

must be made to grow.

It receives its nourishment from the soil, consequently the soil must be fed with the plant-food necessary for the proper nutrition of the plants. This is supplied by the application of proper fertilizers. Farm fertilizers are good, but in most cases they do not supply in sufficient quantity and balance the elements necessary to the highest soil fertility or crop development. This is found in the best form in the Armour Pure Animal Fertilizers. The brands produced by the Armour Fertilizer Works are the best fertilizers that can be manufactured, and contain all the elements necessary to the highest possible soil development. They are made from the best animal materials obtainable, and adapted to all conditions of soil. The mechanical condition is perfect. The consistent application of Armour's fertilizers will result in increased soil fertility, increased crops and a consequent increase in profit. No soil is so poor but what it will be benefited by the proper application of Armour's Animal Fertilizers.

Bone Meal. Made from bones, steamed in vats, and thus rendered readily available in the soil. Positively not adulterated, or manipulated in any way; is ground very fine. It enriches and builds up the soil. Is very largely used on winter wheat and cereals of all kinds, meadows and lawns.

Ammoniated Bone with Potash. For barley, wheat, oats, clover, beans, rye, peas, cotton, corn, tobacco, etc., and as a general farm fertilizer.

Fruit and Root-crop Special. For fruit trees, small fruits, sugar beets, onions, potatoes, etc. Quick in starting, lasting in effect.

All Soluble. A quick, strong fertilizer, Especially adapted for tobacco, hops, potatoes, flax, sugar beets, cabbage, cauliflower, celery, fruits, etc. Very finely ground and dried.

Bone, Blood and Potash. Made of dissolved bone meal, dried blood, with potash in the form of sulphate added. It is especially adapted for the culture of hops, tobacco, potatoes, celery, asparagus, corn, oats, turnips, fruits, and wherever a very concentrated fertilizer is wanted.

INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES

Paris Green. For killing potato-bugs, worms, caterpillars, and bugs of all kinds. Price according to quantity. Single pound, 20 cts.

Bordeaux Mixture. A preparation ready for use by the simple addition of water. One gallon of our Bordeaux Mixture will make 50 gallons of solution. Gallon can, 90 cts.

Whale-Oil Soap. For washing all kinds of plants. Sure death to insects. 1/4 lb. 6. cts., 1/2 lb. 10 cts., 5 lbs. 45 cts.

Sulphur (powder). A valuable protection against mildew. Lb. 6 cts.

Lime, Sulphur and Salt. This is the best remedy that has been found for the destruction of the San José scale. It is now recommended by all state experiment stations. One gallon of our mixture will make from 20 to 40 gallons of solution by the simple addition of water. Gal. \$1.



Slug-Shot. For destroying cabbage, turnip and potato bugs, currant worms, etc. 5 lbs. 25 cts.

Hellebore (powdered). For destroying slug, worms and caterpillars. 4lb. 10 cts., ½lb. 15 cts.

Kerosene Emulsion. Ready for use by simply adding water. For cabbage worms, caterpillars, rose-bugs, lice of all kinds, scale on trees, and for all kinds of sucking insects, on either plants or animals.

Tobacco Dust. Dust on plants while they are moist. It destroys all kinds of insects. Lb. 4 cts.

SWEET PEAS

Mixed varieties, comprising only the newest and choicest varieties up to date. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 10 cts., ¼lb. 20 cts., lb. 60 cts.

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